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# Fatal Work Injuries in Alaska – 2018

Fatal work injuries totaled 32 in 2018 for Alaska, the U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics reported today. Assistant Commissioner for Regional Operations Richard Holden noted that the number of work-related fatalities in Alaska was similar to the previous year. Fatal occupational injuries in the state have ranged from a high of 91 in 1992 to a low of 14 in 2015. (See chart 1.)

Nationwide, a total of 5,250 fatal work injuries were recorded in 2018, up from the 5,147 fatal injuries in 2017, according to the results from the Census of Fatal Occupational Injuries (CFOI) program.



Chart 1. Total fatal occupational injuries, Alaska, 2009–2018

SOURCE: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics.

### Type of incident

In Alaska, transportation incidents resulted in 18 fatal work injuries and violence and other injuries by persons or animals accounted for 7 fatalities. These two major categories accounted for 78 percent of all workplace fatalities in the state. (See table 1.) Worker deaths from transportation incidents were unchanged over the year and worker fatalities due to violence or other injuries by persons or animals rose by one. Exposure to harmful substances or environments was the third-most frequent fatal work event with three fatalities.

Nationally, transportation incidents were the most frequent fatal workplace event in 2018, accounting for 40 percent of fatal work injuries. (See chart 2.) Violence and other injuries by persons or animals was the second-most common fatal event (16 percent), followed by falls, slips, and trips (15 percent) and contact with objects and equipment (15 percent).

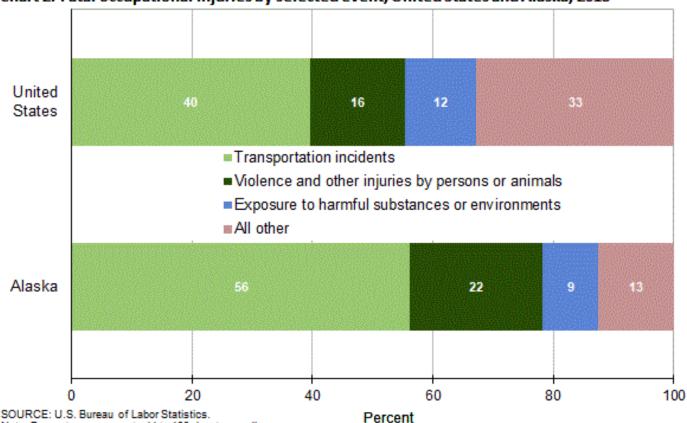


Chart 2. Fatal occupational injuries by selected event, United States and Alaska, 2018

## **Industry**

Note: Percentages may not add to 100 due to rounding.

The private agriculture, forestry, fishing and hunting industry had the highest number of fatalities in Alaska with 13, down from 16 in the previous year. (See table 2.) Transportation incidents resulted in 9 of the 13 fatalities in the industry. The fishing sector accounted for 12 of the 13 workplace fatalities in the agriculture, forestry, fishing and hunting industry.

The private transportation and warehousing industry had nine workplace fatalities, up from three in the previous year. The air transportation sector accounted for five, or 56 percent, of the fatal injuries in this industry.

## Occupation

The farming, fishing, and forestry occupational group had the highest number of workplace fatalities with 11. (See table 3.) Fishers and related fishing workers accounted for 9 of the 11 fatalities among farming, fishing, and forestry workers. The transportation and material moving occupational group had the second highest number of workplace fatalities with eight, followed by construction and extraction occupations with three. Commercial pilots suffered four of the work-related deaths within the transportation and material moving group.

## Additional highlights:

- Men accounted for 94 percent of the work-related fatalities in Alaska, similar to the national share. (See table 4.) Transportation incidents made up 57 percent of the fatalities for men in Alaska.
- White non-Hispanics accounted for 69 percent of those who died from a workplace injury. Nationwide, this group accounted for 65 percent of work-related deaths.
- Workers 25-54 years old accounted for 53 percent of the state's work-related fatalities in 2018, compared to 58 percent of on-the-job fatalities nationally.
- Of the 32 fatal work injuries in Alaska, 88 percent worked for wages and salaries; the remainder were self-employed. The most frequent fatal event for both wage and salary workers and self-employed workers was transportation incidents.

## **Technical Note**

**Background of the program.** The Census of Fatal Occupational Injuries (CFOI), part of the Bureau of Labor Statistics (BLS) Occupational Safety and Health Statistics (OSHS) program, is a count of all fatal work injuries occurring in the U.S. during the calendar year. The CFOI uses a variety of state, federal, and independent data sources to identify, verify, and describe fatal work injuries. This ensures counts are as complete and accurate as possible. For the 2018 national data, over 24,800 unique source documents were reviewed as part of the data collection process. For technical information and definitions for the CFOI, see the BLS Handbook of Methods on the BLS website at www.bls.gov/opub/hom/cfoi/home.htm.

**Federal/State agency coverage.** The CFOI includes data for all fatal work injuries, some of which may be outside the scope of other agencies or regulatory coverage. Comparisons between CFOI counts and those released by other agencies should account for the different coverage requirements and definitions used by each agency. For more information on the scope of CFOI, see <a href="https://www.bls.gov/iif/cfoiscope.htm">www.bls.gov/opub/hom/cfoi/concepts.htm</a>.

Acknowledgments. BLS appreciates the efforts of all federal, state, local, and private sector entities that provided source documents used to identify fatal work injuries. Among these agencies are the Occupational Safety and Health Administration; the National Transportation Safety Board; the U.S. Coast Guard; the Mine Safety and Health Administration; the Office of Workers' Compensation Programs (Federal Employees' Compensation and Longshore and Harbor Workers' Compensation divisions); the Federal Railroad Administration; the National Highway Traffic Safety Administration; state vital statistics registrars, coroners, and medical examiners; state departments of health, labor, and industrial relations and workers' compensation agencies; state and local police departments; and state farm bureaus.

Information in this release will be made available to sensory impaired individuals upon request. Voice phone: (202) 691-5200; Federal Relay Service: (800) 877-8339.

Table 1. Fatal occupational injuries by event or exposure, Alaska, 2017–18

Event or exposure (1)	2017	2018	
	Number	Number	Percent
Total	33	32	100
Violence and other injuries by persons or animals	6	7	22
Intentional injury by person	5	6	19
Intentional injury by other person	3	1	3
Self-inflicted injuryintentional		5	16
Shootingintentional self-harm	1	3	9
Animal and insect related incidents	1	1	3
Multiple types of animal and insect incidents		1	3
Bitten and struck by animal		1	3
Transportation incidents	18	18	56
Aircraft incidents	4	6	19
Aircraft crash during takeoff or landing		1	3
Aircraft crash during takeoff or landinginto structure, object, or ground		1	3
Other in-flight crash	4	5	16
Other in-flight crash between air vehicles		1	3
Other in-flight crash into structure, object, or ground	4	4	13
Water vehicle incidents	12	10	31
Water vehicle collisions		1	3
Collision between water vehicle and object		1	3
Capsized or sinking water vehicle	8	4	13
Fall or jump from water vehicle	4	3	9
Machinery or equipment incident on water vehicle		1	3
Roadway incidents involving motorized land vehicle		2	6
Roadway collision with other vehicle		1	3
Roadway collisionmoving perpendicularly		1	3
Roadway noncollision incident		1	3
Ran off roadway		1	3
Fires and explosions			
Falls, slips, trips	6		
Exposure to harmful substances or environments		3	9
Contact with objects and equipment	1		
Overexertion and bodily reaction			

#### Footnotes

NOTE: Data for all years are final. Totals for major categories may include subcategories not shown separately. Percentages may not add to totals because of rounding. CFOI fatality counts exclude illness-related deaths unless precipitated by an injury event. Dashes indicate no data reported or data that do not meet publication criteria.

<sup>(1)</sup> Based on the BLS Occupational Injury and Illness Classification System (OIICS) 2.01 implemented for 2011 data forward.

Table 2. Fatal occupational injuries by industry, Alaska, 2017–18

Industry (1)	2017	20	2018
Industry (1)	Number	Number	Percent
Total	33	32	100
Private industry	31	30	94
Goods producing	20	15	47
Natural resources and mining	16	15	47
Agriculture, forestry, fishing and hunting	16	13	41
Forestry and logging		1	3
Logging		1	3
Logging		1	3
Fishing, hunting and trapping	14	12	38
Fishing	14	12	38
Fishing	14	12	38
Finfish fishing	7	9	28
Mining (2)			
Support activities for mining		1	3
Support activities for mining		1	3
Support activities for mining		1	3
Drilling oil and gas wells		1	3
Construction			
Manufacturing			 4 <del></del>
Service providing	11	15	47
Trade, transportation, and utilities	6	9	28
Transportation and warehousing	3	9	28
Air transportation	3	5	16
Scheduled air transportation	1	1	3
Scheduled air transportation	1 1	1	3
Nonscheduled air transportation	2	4	13
Nonscheduled air transportation		4	13
Nonscheduled chartered passenger air transportation	1	4	13
Water transportation			
Deep sea, coastal, and great lakes water transportation			
Deep sea, coastal, and great lakes water transportation			3
Deep sea passenger transportation		1 1	3
Specialized freight trucking			3
Specialized freight (except used goods) trucking, long-distance		'	3
Transit and ground passenger transportation			3
Taxi and limousine service	l I	<u>'</u>	3
Taxi service		' <sub>1</sub>	3
Information			
Financial activities			
Professional and business services		3	9
Professional and technical services	4	1	3
Professional, scientific, and technical services		1	3
Other professional, scientific, and technical services		1	3
Educational and health services	1		
Leisure and hospitality		3	9
Arts, entertainment, and recreation		1	3
Museums, historical sites, and similar institutions		1	3
Museums, historical sites, and similar institutions		1	3
Zoos and botanical gardens		1	3
Accommodation and food services			
Accommodation		1	3
RV (recreational vehicle) parks and recreational camps		1	3
RV (recreational vehicle) parks and recreational camps	[	1	3
Recreational and vacation camps (except campgrounds)	l I	1	3
Other services, except public administration	l I		
Carlot corridos, except public duffillionation.		1	

Table 2. Fatal occupational injuries by industry, Alaska, 2017-18 - Continued

Industry (1)	2017	20	18
	Number	Number	Percent
Government (3)			
Federal government	1		
State government			
Local government			

#### Footnotes:

- (1) Industry data are based on the North American Industry Classification System, 2012.
- (2) Includes fatal injuries at all establishments categorized as Mining, quarrying, and oil and gas extraction (Sector 21) in the North American Industry Classification System, 2012, including establishments not governed by the Mine Safety and Health Administration (MSHA) rules and reporting, such as those in Oil and Gas Extraction.
- (3) Includes fatal injuries to workers employed by governmental organizations regardless of industry.

NOTE: Data for all years are final. Totals for major categories may include subcategories not shown separately. Percentages may not add to totals because of rounding. CFOI fatality counts exclude illness-related deaths unless precipitated by an injury event. Dashes indicate no data reported or data that do not meet publication criteria.

Table 3. Fatal occupational injuries by occupation, Alaska, 2017-18

Occupation (1)	2017	20	18
Occupation (1)	Number	Number	Percent
Total	33	32	100
Management occupations	1		
Other management occupations			
Lodging managers		1	3
Lodging managers		1	3
Business and financial operations occupations			
Computer and mathematical occupations			
Architecture and engineering occupations			
Life, physical, and social science occupations	1	1	3
Life scientists	1	1	3
Biological scientists	1	1	3
Zoologists and wildlife biologists		1	3
Community and social services occupations	1		
Legal occupations			
Education, training, and library occupations			
Arts, design, entertainment, sports, and media occupations			
Healthcare practitioners and technical occupations			
Healthcare support occupations			
Protective service occupations			
Food preparation and serving related occupations			
Building and grounds cleaning and maintenance occupations		1	3
Supervisors of building and grounds cleaning and maintenance workers		1	3
First-line supervisors of building and grounds cleaning and maintenance workers		1	3
First-line supervisors of landscaping, lawn service, and groundskeeping workers		1	3
Personal care and service occupations			
Sales and related occupations	3		
Office and administrative support occupations			
Farming, fishing, and forestry occupations	14	11	34
Supervisors of farming, fishing, and forestry workers		1	3
First-line supervisors of farming, fishing, and forestry workers		1	3
First-line supervisors of farming, fishing, and forestry workers		1	3
Fishing and hunting workers	13	9	28
Fishers and related fishing workers	13	9	28
Fishers and related fishing workers	13	9	28
Construction and extraction occupations	4	3	9
Extraction workers			
Derrick, rotary drill, and service unit operators, oil, gas, and mining		1	3
Rotary drill operators, oil and gas		1	3
Installation, maintenance, and repair occupations		1	3
Other installation, maintenance, and repair occupations		1	3
Miscellaneous installation, maintenance, and repair workers		1	3
Production occupations			
Transportation and material moving occupations	4	8	25
Air transportation workers	3	5	16
Aircraft pilots and flight engineers	3	5	16
Airline pilots, copilots, and flight engineers	1	1	3
Commercial pilots	2	4	13
Motor vehicle operators		2	6
Driver/sales workers and truck drivers		1	3
Heavy and tractor-trailer truck drivers		1	3
Taxi drivers and chauffeurs		1	3
Taxi drivers and chauffeurs		1	3
Military specific occupations (2)		1	3

<sup>(1)</sup> Occupation data are based on the Standard Occupational Classification system, 2010.(2) Includes fatal injuries to persons identified as resident armed forces regardless of individual occupation listed.

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Table 4. Fatal occupational injuries by selected demographic characteristics, Alaska, 2017–18

Worker characteristics	2017	2018	
	Number	Number	Percent
Total	33	32	100
Employee status			
Wage and salary workers (1)	25	28	88
Self-employed (2)	8	4	13
Gender			
Men	31	30	94
Women	2		
Age (3)			
18 to 19 years	1	1	3
20 to 24 years	2	3	9
25 to 34 years	9	4	13
35 to 44 years	5	4	13
45 to 54 years	4	9	28
55 to 64 years	8	9	28
65 years and over	4	2	6
Race or ethnic origin (4)			
White, non-Hispanic	22	22	69
Black or African-American, non-Hispanic			
Hispanic or Latino			
American Indian or Alaska Native, non-Hispanic	3	4	13

#### Footnotes:

- (1) May include volunteers and workers receiving other types of compensation.
- (2) Includes self-employed workers, owners of unincorporated businesses and farms, paid and unpaid family workers, and may include some owners of incorporated businesses or members of partnerships.
- (3) Information may not be available for all age groups.
- (4) Persons identified as Hispanic or Latino may be of any race. The race categories shown exclude data for Hispanics and Latinos.

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